



CCL3 (Human) ELISA Kit

Catalog Number KA0388

96 assays

Version: 05

Intended for research use only

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Introduction

Intended Use

Sandwich ELISA kit for quantitative detection of human MIP-1 α in cell culture supernates, serum and plasma (heparin, EDTA, citrate).

Background

Macrophage inflammatory protein-1 alpha (MIP-1 alpha), also called CCL3, LD78. The cDNA for MIP-1 alpha predicts a mature peptide of 69 amino acids with a molecular mass of 7,889 daltons.¹ LD78 is a member of a newly identified superfamily of small inducible proteins involved in inflammatory responses, wound healing and tumorigenesis.² MIP-1 alpha is a chemokine that has pro-inflammatory and stem cell inhibitory activities in vitro. It constitutes an important second signal for mast cell degranulation in the conjunctiva in vivo and consequently for acute-phase disease. The standard product used in this kit is recombinant human MIP-1 α , consisting of 66 amino acids with the molecular mass of 7.5 kDa.

Principle of the Assay

The CCL3 (Human) ELISA Kit was based on standard sandwich enzyme-linked immune-sorbent assay technology. A monoclonal antibody from mouse specific for MIP-1 α has been precoated onto 96-well plates. Standards (Expression system for standard: E. coli, immunogen sequence: A27-A92) and test samples are added to the wells, a biotinylated detection polyclonal antibody from goat specific for MIP-1 α is added subsequently and then followed by washing with PBS or TBS buffer. Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex was added and unbound conjugates were washed away with PBS or TBS buffer. HRP substrate TMB was used to visualize HRP enzymatic reaction. TMB was catalyzed by HRP to produce a blue color product that changed into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of yellow is proportional to the human MIP-1 α amount of sample captured in plate.

General Information

Materials Supplied

Component	Amount
96-well plate precoated with anti- human MIP-1 α antibody	96 (8x12) wells
Lyophilized recombinant human MIP-1 α standard	10 ng/tube x 2
Biotinylated anti- human MIP-1 α antibody (dilution 1:100)	130 μ L
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC) (dilution 1:100)	130 μ L
Sample diluent buffer	30 mL
Antibody diluent buffer	12 mL
ABC diluent buffer	12 mL
TMB color developing agent	10 mL
TMB stop solution	10 mL
Adhesive cover	4 slices

Storage Instruction

Store at 4°C for 6 months, at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

Materials Required but Not Supplied

- ✓ Microplate reader in standard size.
- ✓ Automated plate washer.
- ✓ Adjustable pipettes and pipette tips. Multichannel pipettes are recommended in the condition of large amount of samples in the detection.
- ✓ Clean tubes and Eppendorf tubes.
- ✓ Washing buffer (neutral PBS or TBS).
 - Preparation of 0.01 M TBS:
Add 1.2 g Tris, 8.5 g NaCl; 450 μ L of purified acetic acid or 700 μ L of concentrated hydrochloric acid to 1000 mL H₂O and adjust pH to 7.2-7.6. Finally, adjust the total volume to 1 L.
 - Preparation of 0.01 M PBS:
Add 8.5 g sodium chloride, 1.4 g Na₂HPO₄ and 0.2 g NaH₂PO₄ to 1000 mL distilled water and adjust pH to 7.2-7.6. Finally, adjust the total volume to 1 L.

Precautions for Use

Please read the following instructions before starting the experiment.

- ✓ To inspect the validity of experiment operation and the appropriateness of sample dilution proportion, pilot experiment using standards and a small number of samples is recommended.
- ✓ The TMB Color Developing agent is colorless and transparent before using, contact us freely if it is not the case.
- ✓ Before using the Kit, spin tubes and bring down all components to the bottom of tubes.
- ✓ Duplicate well assay is recommended for both standard and sample testing.
- ✓ Don't let 96-well plate dry, for dry plate will inactivate active components on plate.
- ✓ Don't reuse tips and tubes to avoid cross contamination.
- ✓ Avoid using the reagents from different batches together.
- ✓ In order to avoid marginal effect of plate incubation due to temperature difference (reaction may be stronger in the marginal wells), it is suggested that the diluted ABC and TMB solution will be pre-warmed in 37 °C for 30 min before using.

Assay Protocol

Reagent Preparation

- ✓ Reconstitution of the human MIP-1 α standard : MIP-1 α standard solution should be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to the experiment. Two tubes of MIP-1 α standard (10 ng per tube) are included in each kit. Use one tube for each experiment.
 - 10,000 pg/mL of human MIP-1 α standard solution: Add 1 mL sample diluent buffer into one tube, keep the tube at room temperature for 10 min and mix thoroughly.
 - 1000 pg/mL of human MIP-1 α standard solution: Add 0.1 mL of the above 10 ng/mL MIP-1 α standard solution into 0.9 mL sample diluent buffer and mix thoroughly.
 - 500 pg/mL→15.6 pg/mL of human MIP-1 α standard solutions: Label 6 Eppendorf tubes with 500 pg/mL, 250 pg/mL, 125 pg/mL, 62.5 pg/mL, 31.2 pg/mL, 15.6 pg/mL respectively. Aliquot 0.3 mL of the sample diluent buffer into each tube. Add 0.3 mL of the above 1000 pg/mL MIP-1 α standard solution into 1st tube and mix. Transfer 0.3 mL from 1st tube to 2nd tube and mix. Transfer 0.3 mL from 2nd tube to 3rd tube and mix, and so on.

Note: The standard solutions are best used within 2 hours. The 10 ng/mL standard solution should be stored at 4°C for up to 12 hours, or at -20°C for up to 48 hours. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

- ✓ Preparation of biotinylated anti-human MIP-1 α antibody working solution: The solution should be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to the experiment.
 - The total volume should be: 0.1 mL/well x (the number of wells). (Allowing 0.1-0.2 mL more than total volume)
 - Biotinylated anti-human MIP-1 α antibody should be diluted in 1:100 with the antibody diluent buffer and mixed thoroughly. (i.e. Add 1 μ L Biotinylated anti-human MIP-1 α antibody to 99 μ L antibody diluent buffer.)
- ✓ Preparation of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC) working solution: The solution should be prepared no more than 1 hour prior to the experiment.
 - The total volume should be: 0.1 mL/well x (the number of wells). (Allowing 0.1-0.2 mL more than total volume)
 - Avidin- Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC) should be diluted in 1:100 with the ABC dilution buffer and mixed thoroughly. (i.e. Add 1 μ L ABC to 99 μ L ABC diluent buffer.)

Sample Preparation

- ✓ Sample Preparation and Storage

Store samples to be assayed within 24 hours at 2-8°C. For long-term storage, aliquot and freeze samples at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

- Cell culture supernates: Remove particulates by centrifugation, assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C.
- Serum: Allow the serum to clot in a serum separator tube (about 4 hours) at room temperature. Centrifuge at approximately 1000 x g for 15 min. Analyze the serum immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C.
- Plasma: Collect plasma using heparin, EDTA or citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 min at 1500 x g within 30 min of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C.

✓ **Sample Dilution Guideline**

The user needs to estimate the concentration of the target protein in the sample and select a proper dilution factor so that the diluted target protein concentration falls near the middle of the linear regime in the standard curve. Dilute the sample using the provided diluent buffer. The following is a guideline for sample dilution. Several trials may be necessary in practice. The sample must be well mixed with the diluents buffer.

- High target protein concentration (10-100 ng/mL). The working dilution is 1:100. i.e. Add 1 µL sample into 99 µL sample diluent buffer.
- Medium target protein concentration (1-10 ng/mL). The working dilution is 1:10. i.e. Add 10 µL sample into 90 µL sample diluent buffer.
- Low target protein concentration (15.6-1000 pg/mL). The working dilution is 1:2. i.e. Add 50 µL sample to 50 µL sample diluent buffer.
- Very Low target protein concentration (0-15.6 pg/mL). No dilution necessary, or the working dilution is 1:2.

Assay Procedure

The ABC working solution, TMB color developing agent and TMB stop solution must be kept warm at 37°C for 30 min before use. When diluting samples and reagents, they must be mixed completely and evenly. Standard MIP-1 α detection curve should be prepared for each experiment. The user will decide sample dilution fold by crude estimation of MIP-1 α amount in samples.

1. Aliquot 0.1 mL per well of the 1000 pg/mL, 500 pg/mL, 250 pg/mL, 125 pg/mL, 62.5 pg/mL, 31.2 pg/mL, 15.6 pg/mL human MIP-1 α standard solutions into the precoated 96-well plate. Add 0.1 mL of the sample diluent buffer into the control well (Zero well). Add 0.1 mL of each properly diluted sample of human cell culture supernates, serum or plasma (heparin, EDTA, citrate) to each empty well. See "Sample Dilution Guideline" above for details. It is recommended that each human MIP-1 α standard solution and each sample be measured in duplicate.

2. Seal the plate with a new adhesive cover provided and incubate at 37°C for 90 min.
3. Remove the cover, discard plate content, and blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material. Do NOT let the wells completely dry at any time.
4. Add 0.1 mL of biotinylated anti-human MIP-1 α antibody working solution into each well, seal the plate with a new adhesive cover provided and incubate at 37°C for 60 min.
5. Wash plate 3 times with 0.01 M TBS or 0.01 M PBS, and each time let washing buffer stay in the wells for 1 min. Discard the washing buffer and blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material. (Plate Washing Method: Discard the solution in the plate without touching the side walls. Blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material. Soak each well with at least 0.3 mL PBS or TBS buffer for 1~2 minutes. Repeat this process two additional times for a total of THREE washes. Note: For automated washing, aspirate all wells and wash THREE times with PBS or TBS buffer, overfilling wells with PBS or TBS buffer. Blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material.)
6. Add 0.1 mL of prepared ABC working solution into each well, seal the plate with a new adhesive cover provided and incubate the plate at 37°C for 30 min.
7. Wash plate 5 times with 0.01 M TBS or 0.01 M PBS, and each time let washing buffer stay in the wells for 1-2 min. Discard the washing buffer and blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material. (See Step 5 for plate washing method).
8. Add 90 μ L of prepared TMB color developing agent into each well, seal the plate with a new adhesive cover and incubate plate at 37°C in dark for 25-30 min (Note: For reference only, the optimal incubation time should be determined by end user. And the shades of blue can be seen in the wells with the four most concentrated human MIP-1 α standard solutions; the other wells show no obvious color).
9. Add 0.1 mL of prepared TMB stop solution into each well. The color changes into yellow immediately.
10. Read the O.D. absorbance at 450nm in a microplate reader within 30 min after adding the stop solution.

✓ Summary

1. Add samples and standards and incubate the plate at 37 °C for 90 min. Do not wash.
2. Add biotinylated antibodies and incubate the plate at 37 °C for 60 min. Wash plate 3 times with 0.01 M TBS.
3. Add ABC working solution and incubate the plate at 37 °C for 30 min. Wash plate 5 times with 0.01 M TBS.
4. Add TMB color developing agent and incubate the plate at 37 °C in dark for 25-30 min.
5. Add TMB stop solution and read.

Data Analysis

Calculation of Results

For calculation, (the relative O.D.₄₅₀) = (the O.D.₄₅₀ of each well) – (the O.D.₄₅₀ of Zero well). The standard curve can be plotted as the relative O.D.₄₅₀ of each standard solution (Y) vs. the respective concentration of the standard solution (X). The human MIP-1 α concentration of the samples can be interpolated from the standard curve.

Note: if the samples measured were diluted, multiply the dilution factor to the concentrations from interpolation to obtain the concentration before dilution.

- ✓ Typical Data Obtained from Human MIP-1 α

Concentration(pg/mL)	0	15.6	31.2	62.5	125	250	500	1000
O.D	0.037	0.112	0.206	0.272	0.545	0.932	1.456	2.071

(TMB reagent incubate at 37 °C for 25-30 min)

Performance Characteristics

- ✓ Range: 15.6 pg/mL-1000 pg/mL
- ✓ Sensitivity: < 10 pg/mL
- ✓ Specificity: Natural and recombinant human MIP-1 α
- ✓ Cross-reactivity: There is no detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins.
- ✓ Precision

- Intra-Assay Precision (Precision within an assay)

Three samples of known concentration were tested on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

- Inter-Assay Precision (Precision between assays)

Three samples of known concentration were tested in separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.

	Intra-Assay Precision			Inter-Assay Precision		
	1	2	3	1	2	3
Sample	1	2	3	1	2	3
n	16	16	16	24	24	24
Mean (pg/mL)	107	450	732	95	413	682
Standard Deviation	4.39	13.05	25.62	6.84	22.3	34.78
CV(%)	4.1	2.9	3.5	7.2	5.4	5.1

Resources

References

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4. Miyazaki, D.; Nakamura, T.; Toda, M.; Cheung-Chau, K.-W.; Richardson, R. M.; Ono, S. J. Macrophage inflammatory protein-1-alpha as a costimulatory signal for mast cell-mediated immediate hypersensitivity reactions. *J. Clin. Invest.* 115: 434-442, 2005.

Plate Layout

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H			