

# MMP2 (Human) ELISA Kit

Catalog Number KA0391

96 assays

Version: 28

Intended for research use only



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#### Introduction

#### **Intended Use**

For the quantitation of human MMP2 concentrations in cell culture supernates, serum and plasma (heparin).

#### **Background**

Type IV collagenase, 72-kD, is officially designated matrix metalloproteinase-2 (MMP2). It is also known as gelatinase, 72-kD. MMP-2 plays an essential role in angiogenesis and arteriogenesis, two processes critical to restoration of tissue perfusion after ischemia. MMP-2 expression is increased in tissue ischemia, but the responsible mechanisms remain unknown. Matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs) catalyze extracellular matrix degradation. Control of their activity is a promising target for therapy of diseases characterized by abnormal connective tissue turnover. MMPs are expressed as latent proenzymes that are activated by proteolytic cleavage that triggers a conformational change in the propeptide (cysteine switch). The structure of proMMP-2 reveals how the propeptide shields the catalytic cleft and that the cysteine switch may operate through cleavage of loops essential for propeptide stability. The gene is localized to 16q21 using somatic cell hybrids and in situ hybridization. The standard product used in this kit is recombinant human MMP-2, consisting of 631 amino acids with the molecular mass of 71 KDa. The detected MMP-2 includes zymogen and active enzyme.

## **Principle of the Assay**

The MMP2 (human) ELISA Kit is a solid phase immunoassay specially designed to measure Human MMP2 with a 96-well strip plate that is pre-coated with antibody specific for MMP2. The detection antibody is a biotinylated antibody specific for MMP2. The capture antibody is monoclonal antibody from mouse, the detection antibody is polyclonal antibody from goat. The kit contains recombinant Human MMP2 with immunogen: Expression system for standard: NSO; Immunogen sequence: A30-C660. The kit is analytically validated with ready to use reagents.

To measure Human MMP2, add standards and samples to the wells, then add the biotinylated detection antibody. Wash the wells with PBS or TBS buffer, and add Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC-HRP). Wash away the unbounded ABC-HRP with PBS or TBS buffer and add TMB. TMB is substrate to HRP and will be catalyzed to produce a blue color product, which changes into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of the yellow product is linearly proportional to Human MMP2 in the sample. Read the density of the yellow product in each well using a plate reader, and benchmark the sample wells' readings against the standard curve to determine the concentration of Human MMP2 in the sample.



#### **General Information**

#### **Materials Supplied**

## List of component

Component	Amount			
Anti-Human MMP2 Pre-coated 96-well strip microplate	96 (8x12) wells			
Human MMP2 Standard	40 ng/tube x 2			
Human MMP2 Biotinylated antibody (100x)	130 µL			
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x)	130 µL			
Sample Diluent	30 mL			
Antibody Diluent	12 mL			
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent	12 mL			
Color Developing Reagent (TMB)	10 mL			
Stop Solution	10 mL			
Wash Buffer Powder	1 pack			
Plate Sealers	4 slides			

## **Storage Instruction**

Store at 4°C for 6 months, at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

## Materials Required but Not Supplied

- ✓ Microplate Reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm.
- ✓ Automated plate washer (optional).
- ✓ Pipettes and pipette tips capable of precisely dispensing 0.5 μL through 1 mL volumes of aqueous solutions.
- ✓ Multichannel pipettes are recommended for large amount of samples.
- ✓ Deionized or distilled water.
- √ 500 mL graduated cylinders.
- ✓ Test tubes for dilution.

## **Precautions for Use**

This protocol must be read in its entirety before using this product. For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

✓ Notice Before Application

Please read the following instructions before starting the experiment.



- 1. To inspect the validity of experiment operation and the appropriateness of sample dilution proportion, pilot experiment using standards and a small number of samples is recommended.
- 2. Before using the Kit, spin tubes and bring down all components to the bottom of tubes.
- 3. Don't let 96-well plate dry, for dry plate will inactivate active components on plate.
- 4. Don't reuse tips and tubes to avoid cross contamination.
- 5. Avoid using the reagents from different batches together.



## **Assay Protocol**

#### **Reagent Preparation**

- ✓ Bring all reagents to 37°C prior to use. The assay can also be done at room temperature however we recommend doing it at 37°C for best consistency with our QC results. Also the TMB incubation time estimate (15-25 min) is based on 37°C..
  - Wash buffer
     Disolve the wash buffer powder in 1000 mL of water to make 1X PBS wash buffer.
  - Biotinylated Anti-Human MMP2 antibody
     It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Human MMP2
     Biotinylated antibody (100x) 1:100 with Antibody Diluent. Prepare 100 μL by adding 1 μL of Biotinylated antibody (100x) to 99 μL of Antibody Diluent for each well. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation.
  - Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex
     It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x) 1:100 with Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent. Prepare 100 μL by adding 1 μL of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x) to 99 μL of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent for each well. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation.
  - Human MMP2 Standard It is recommended that the standards be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to performing the experiment. Use one 40 ng of lyophilized Human MMP2 standard for each experiment. Gently spin the vial prior to use. Reconstitute the standard to a stock concentration of 40 ng/mL using 1 mL of sample diluent. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions.
  - Microplate

The included microplate is coated with capture antibodies and ready-to-use. It does not require additional washing or blocking. The unused well strips should be sealed and stored in the original packaging.

## Dilution of Human MMP2 Standard

- Number tubes 1-8. Final Concentrations to be Tube # 1 -40000 pg/mL, #2 -20000 pg/mL, #3 10000 pg/mL, #4 5000 pg/mL, #5 2500 pg/mL, #6 1250 pg/mL, #7 625 pg/mL, #8 -Sample Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL).
- 2. For standard #1, add 1000 µL of undiluted standard stock solution to tube #1.
- 3. Add 300 µL of sample diluent to tubes # 2-7.
- 4. To generate standard #2, add 300  $\mu$ L of standard #1 from tube #1 to tube #2 for a final volume of 600  $\mu$ L. Mix thoroughly.
- 5. To generate standard #3, add 300  $\mu$ L of standard #2 from tube #2 to tube #3 for a final volume of 600  $\mu$ L. Mix thoroughly.



6. Continue the serial dilution for tube #4-7.

#### **Sample Preparation**

#### ✓ Sample Preparation and Storage

These sample collection instructions and storage conditions are intended as a general guideline and the sample stability has not been evaluated.

- Cell culture supernatants: Clear sample of particulates by centrifugation, assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.
- Serum: Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow serum to clot at room temperature for about four hours. Then, centrifuge for 15 min at approximately 1,000 x g. assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.
- Plasma: Collect plasma using heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 min at approximately
   1,000 x g. Assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.

\*Note: it is important to not use anticoagulants other than the ones described above to treat plasma for other anticoagulants could block the antibody binding site.

#### ✓ Sample Dilution

The target protein concentration should be estimated and appropriate sample dilutions should be selected such that the final protein concentration lies near the middle of the linear dynamic range of the assay.

It is recommended to prepare 150  $\mu$ L of sample for each replicate to be assayed. The samples should be diluted with sample diluent and mixed gently.

## **Assay Procedure**

It is recommended that all reagents and materials be equilibrated to 37°C/room temperature prior to the experiment (see Reagent Preparation before the experiment if you have missed this information).

- 1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed previously.
- 2. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and seal and store them in the original packaging.
- 3. Add 100 μL of the standard, samples, or control per well. Add 100 μL of the sample diluent buffer into the zero well. At least two replicates of each standard, sample, or control is recommended.
- 4. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate for 120 minutes at RT (or 90 minutes at 37°C).
- 5. Remove the cover and discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
- 6. Add 100 µL of the prepared 1x Biotinylated Anti-Human MMP2 antibody to each well.
- 7. Cover with plate sealer and incubate for 90 minutes at RT (or 60 minutes at 37°C).
- 8. Wash the plate 3 times with the 1x wash buffer.



- a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
- b. Add 300  $\mu$ L of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).
- c. Repeat steps a-b 2 additional times.
- 9. Add 100 μL of the prepared 1x Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex into each well. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate for 40 minutes at RT (or 30 minutes at 37°C).
- 10. Wash the plate 5 times with the 1x wash buffer.
  - a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
  - b. Add 300  $\mu$ L of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).
  - c. Repeat steps a-b 4 additional times.
- 11. Add 90 μL of Color Developing Reagent to each well. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate in the dark for 30 minutes at RT (or 15-25 minutes at 37°C). (The optimal incubation time must be empirically determined. A guideline to look for is blue shading the top four standard wells, while the remaining standards remain clear.)
- 12. Add 100 μL of Stop Solution to each well. The color should immediately change to yellow.
- 13. Within 30 minutes of stopping the reaction, the O.D. absorbance should be read with a microplate reader at 450 nm.



## **Data Analysis**

#### **Calculation of Results**

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, sample, and control. Subtract the average zero standard O.D. reading.

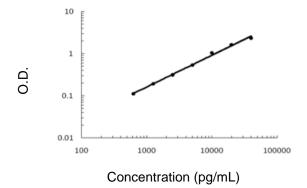
It is recommended that a standard curve be created using computer software to generate a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve assay.

Alternatively, plot the mean absorbance for each standard against the concentration. The measured concentration in the sample can be interpolated by using linear regression of each average relative OD against the standard curve generated using curve fitting software. This will generate an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

For diluted samples, the concentration reading from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

✓ MMP2 (Human) ELISA Kit Standard Curve Sample Highest O.D. value might be higher or lower than in the example. The experiment result is statistically significant if the highest O.D. value is no less than 1.0.

Concentration (pg/mL)	0	625	1250	2500	5000	10000	20000	40000
O.D	0.043	0.112	0.192	0.313	0.538	1.041	1.612	2.333



A standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

#### **Performance Characteristics**

- ✓ Detection Range: 625 pg/mL 40000 pg/mL
- ✓ Sensitivity: < 10 pg/mL
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  - \* The sensitivity or the minimum detectable dose (MDD) is the lower limit of target protein that can be detected by the kit. It is determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean O.D. value of twenty (20) blank wells and calculating the corresponding concentration.



- ✓ Specificity: Natural and recombinant human MMP2
- ✓ Cross-reactivity: There is no detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins
- ✓ Intra/Inter Assay Variability
- Intra-Assay Precision (Precision within an assay)

Three samples of known concentration were tested on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

• Inter-Assay Precision (Precision across assays)

Three samples of known concentration were tested in separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.

	Intra	-Assay Preci	ision	Inter-Assay Precision			
Sample	1	2	3	1	2	3	
n	16	16	16	24	24	24	
Mean (pg/mL)	1326	3925	14099	1253	3970	14093	
Standard deviation	80.88	282.6	690.85	76.43	349.36	690.55	
CV (%)	6.1%	7.2%	4.9%	6.1%	8.8%	4.9%	

## ✓ Reproducibility

To assay reproducibility, three samples with differing target protein concentrations were assayed using four different lots.

Loto	Lot1	Lot2	Lot3	Lot4	Mean	Standard	CV (%)
Lots	(pg/mL)	(pg/mL)	(pg/mL)	(pg/mL)	(pg/mL)	Deviation	
Sample 1	1326	1365	1368	1233	1323	54.53	4.1%
Sample 2	3925	3610	3426	3883	3711	204.2	5.5%
Sample 3	14099	16330	14083	16849	15340	1262.66	8.2%

<sup>\*</sup>number of samples for each test n=16.



## Resources

## Plate Layout

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