

STAT1 (pY701)/Pan STAT1 (Human/Mouse) ELISA Kit

Catalog Number KA2174

96 assays

Version: 01

Intended for research use only



I. INTRODUCTION

STAT1 (pY701)/Pan STAT1 (Human/Mouse) ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is a very rapid, convenient and sensitive assay kit that can monitor the activation or function of important biological pathways in cell lysates. By determining phosphorylated Stat1 protein in your experimental model system, you can verify pathway activation in your cell lysates. You can simultaneously measure numerous different cell lysates without spending excess time and effort in performing a Western Blot analysis.

This Sandwich ELISA kit is an in vitro enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay for the measurement of human phospho-Stat1 (Tyr701) and pan Stat1 (help normalize the results of phospho-Stat1 from different cell lysate being compared). An anti-Stat1 (Tyr701) (half plate, red marker on left side) and anti-pan Stat1 antibody (half plate, black marker on right side) has been coated onto a 96-well plate. Samples are pipetted into the wells and phosphorylated (left side) and pan (right side) Stat1 present in a sample is bound to the wells by the immobilized antibody. The wells are washed and biotinylated Stat1 is used to detect phosphorylated or pan Stat1. After washing away unbound antibody, HRP-conjugated Streptavidin is pipetted to the wells. The wells are again washed, a TMB substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of Stat1 (Tyr701) or pan Stat1 bound. The Stop Solution changes the color from blue to yellow, and the intensity of the color is measured at 450 nm.

II. REAGENTS

- 1. Stat1 Microplate (Item A): 96 wells (12 strips x 8 wells) coated with anti-phospho-Stat1 (Tyr701) (half plate, red marker on left side) and anti-Stat1 antibody (half plate, black marker on right side).
- 2. Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x) (Item B): 25 ml of 20x concentrated solution.
- 3. Assay Diluent (Item E): 15 ml of 5x concentrated buffer. For diluting cell lysate sample, detection antibody (Item C) and HRP-Streptavidin Concentrate (Item G).
- 4. Detection Antibody Stat1 (Item C): 2 vial of biotinylated anti-Stat1 (each vial is enough to assay half microplate).
- 5. HRP-Streptavidin Concentrate (Item G): 8 µl of 10,000x concentrated HRP-conjugated streptavidin.
- 6. TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H): 12 ml of 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) in buffered solution.
- 7. Stop Solution (Item I): 8 ml of 2 M sulfuric acid.
- 8. Cell Lysate Buffer (Item J): 5 ml 2x cell lysis buffer (not including protease and phosphatase inhibitors).
- 9. Positive Control A431S002-1 (Item K): 1 vial of lyophilized powder from A431 cell lysate.

III. STORAGE

Upon receipt, the kit should be stored at -20 ℃. Please use within 6 months from the date of shipment. After initial use, Wash Buffer Concentrate (Item B), Assay Diluent (Item E), TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H), Stop Solution (Item I) and Cell Lysate Buffer (Item J) should be stored at 4 ℃ to avoid repeated freezethaw cycles. Return unused wells to the pouch containing desiccant pack, reseal along entire edge and store at -20 ℃. Reconstituted Positive Control (Item K) should be stored at -70 ℃.



IV. ADDITIONAL MATERIALS REQUIRED

- 1. Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- 2. Protease and Phosphatase inhibitors.
- 3. Shaker.
- 4. Precision pipettes to deliver 2 μl to 1 ml volumes.
- 5. Adjustable 1-25 ml pipettes for reagent preparation.
- 6. 100 ml and 1 liter graduated cylinders.
- 7. Distilled or deionized water.
- 8. Tubes to prepare sample dilutions.

V. SAMPLE PREPARATION

Cell lysates - Rinse cells with PBS, making sure to remove any remaining PBS before adding the Cell Lysate Buffer. Solubilize cells at 4 x 10⁷ cells/ml in 1x Cell Lysate Buffer (we recommend adding protease and phosphatase inhibitors to Cell Lysate Buffer prior to sample preparation). Pipette up and down to resuspend and incubate the lysates with shaking at 2 - 8°C for 30 minutes. Microcentrifuge at 13,000 rpm for 10 minutes at 2 - 8°C, and transfer the supernates into a clean test tube. Lysates should be used immediately or aliquoted and stored at -70°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Thawed lysates should be kept on ice prior to use. For the initial experiment, we recommend to do a serial dilution testing such as 5-fold and 100-fold dilution for your cell lysates with Assay Diluent (Item E) before use.

Note: The fold dilution of sample used depends on the abundance of phosphorylated proteins and should be determined empiricallys. More of the sample can be used if signals are too weak. If signals are too strong, the sample can be diluted further.

Cell Lysate Buffer should be diluted 2-fold with deionized or distilled water before use (recommend to add protease and phosphatase inhibitors).

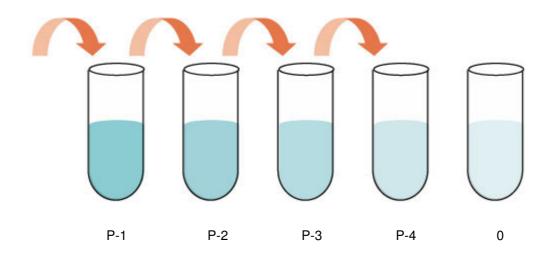


VI. REAGENT PREPARATION

- 1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 25 ℃) before use.
- 2. Item E, Assay Diluent should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water before use.
- 3. Preparation of Positive Control: Briefly spin the Positive Control vial of Item K. Add 500 µl 1x Assay Diluent (Item E, Assay Diluent should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water before use) into Item K vial to prepare a Positive Control Stock Solution. Dissolve the powder thoroughly by a gentle mix. Add 230 µl prepared Positive Control Stock Solution from the vial of Item K, into a tube with 230 µl 1x Diluent Buffer to prepare P-1 (See i. Positive Control of part IX. TYPICAL DATA for a typical result in page 10). Pipette 400 µl 1x Assay Diluent into each tube. Use the Positive Control (1) to produce a dilution series (shown below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. 1x Assay Diluent serves as the background.

230µl Stock Solution

+ 230 µl 1x Assay Diluent 200 µl 200 µl 200 µl



- 4. If the Wash Concentrate (20x) (Item B) contains visible crystals, warm to room temperature and mix gently until dissolved. Dilute 20 ml of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to yield 400 ml of 1x Wash Buffer.
- 5. Briefly spin the biotinylated antibody (Item C) before use. Add 100 μl of 1x Assay Diluent into the vial to prepare a detection antibody concentrate. Pipette up and down to mix gently (the concentrate can be stored at 4°C for 5 days or at -80°C for one month). The biotinylated Stat1 antibody should be diluted 55-fold with 1x Assay Diuent and used in step 4 of Part VII Assay Procedure.
- 6. Briefly spin the HRP-Streptavidin concentrate vial (Item G) and pipette up and down to mix gently before use. HRP-Streptavidin concentrate should be diluted 10,000-fold with 1x Assay Diluent.

 For example: Briefly spin the vial (Item G) and pipette up and down to mix gently . Add 2 µl of
 - HRP-Streptavidin concentrate into a tube with 198.0 µl 1x Assay Diluent to prepare a 100-fold diluted HRP-Streptavidin solution (don't store the diluted solution for next day use). Mix through and then pipette 100 µl of prepared 100-fold diluted solution into a tube with 10 ml 1x Assay Diluent to prepare a final

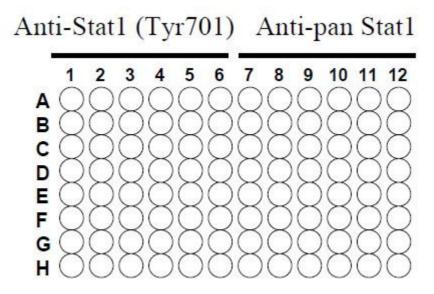


- 10,000 fold diluted HRPStreptavidin solution.
- 7. Cell Lysate Buffer should be diluted 2-fold with deionized or distilled water before use (recommend to add protease and phosphatase inhibitors).

VII. ASSAY PROCEDURE

1. Bring all reagents to room temperature (18 - 25 °C) before use. It is recommended that all samples or Positive Control should be run at least in duplicate. Add 100 µl of each sample or positive control into appropriate wells (see the following 96 well microplate formate). Cover well with plate holder and incubate for 2.5 hours at room temperature or over night at 4 °C with shaking.

96 well microplate coated with phosphorylated and pan antibodies: Anti-Stat1 (Tyr701) Anti-pan Stat1



- 2. Discard the solution and wash 4 times with 1x Wash Solution. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (300 µl) using a multi-channel pipette or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
- 3. Add 100 µl of prepared 1x biotinylated Stat1 antibody (Reagent Preparation step 5) to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with shaking.
- 4. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 3.
- 5. Add 100 μl of prepared 1X HRP-Streptavidin solution (see Reagent Preparation step 6) to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with shaking.
- 6. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 3.
- 7. Add 100 µl of TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H) to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark with shaking.
- 8. Add 50 µl of Stop Solution (Item I) to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.



VIII. ASSAY PROCEDURE SUMMARY

1. Prepare all reagents, samples and standards as instructed.

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- 2. Add 100 μ I sample or positive control to each well. Incubate 2.5 hours at room temperature or over night at 4 $^{\circ}$ C.
- 3. Add 100 µl prepared 1X biotinylated antibody to each well. Incubate 1.0 hours at room temperature.



4. Add 100 µl prepared 1X HRP-Streptavidin solution. Incubate 1 hour at room temperature.



5. Add 100 µl TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent to each well. Incubate 30 minutes at room temperature.



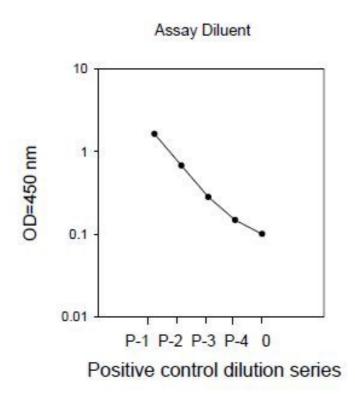
6. Add 50 µl Stop Solution to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

IX. TYPICAL DATA

ELISA data analysis: Average the duplicate readings for each sample or positive control.

A. POSITIVE CONTROL

A431 cells were treated with recombinant human EGF at 37 ℃ for 20 min. Solubilize cells at 4 x 107 cells/ml in cell lysate buffer. Serial dilutions of lysates were analyzed in this ELISA. Please see step 3 of Part VI. Reagent Preparation for detail.

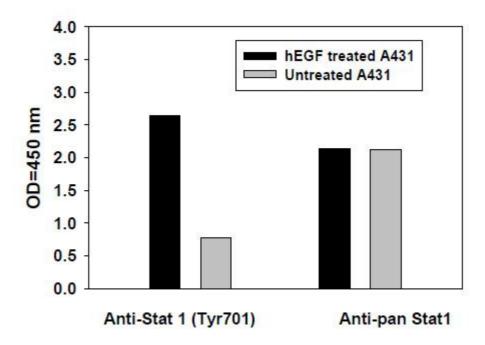




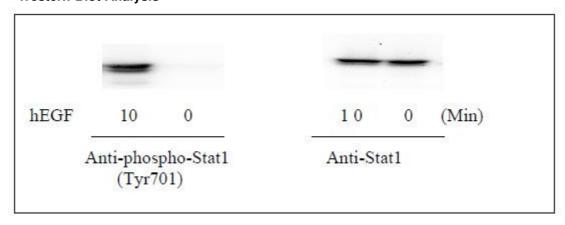
B. Recombinant Human EGF Stimulation of A431 Cell Lines

A431 cells were treated or untreated with 100 ng/ml recombinant human EGF for 10 min. Cell lysates were analyzed using this phosphoELISA and Western Blot.

a. ELISA



b. Western-Blot Analysis

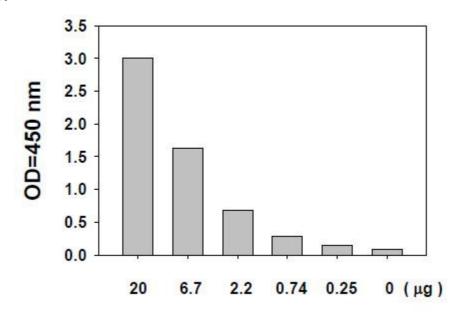




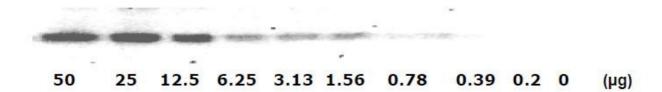
C. SENSITIVITY

The A431 cells were treated with 100 ng/mL recombinant human EGF for 20 minutes to induce phosphorylation of Stat1. Serial dilutions of lysates were analyzed in this ELISA and by Western blot. Immunoblots were incubated with anti-phospho-Stat1 (Tyr701).

a. ELISA



b. Western-Blot Analysis



D. REFERENCES:

- 1. Hackel, P.O. et al. (1999) Curr. Opin. Cell Biol. 11, 184-189.
- 2. Alroy, I. and Y. Yarden (1997) FEBS Lett. 410:83.
- 3. Cooper, J.A. and Howell, B. (1993) Cell 73, 1051-1054.
- 4. Riedemann, J. et al. (2007) Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 355:707.



X. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

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Problem		Cause		Solution	
1.	Sample signals:				
	a. Too low	a.	Sample concentration is too low	a.	Increasing sample concentration
	b. Too high	b.	Sample concentration is too high	b.	Reducing sample concentration
2.	Large CV	a.	Inaccurate pipetting	a.	Check pipettes
3.	High background	a.	Plate is insufficiently washed	a.	Review the manual for proper wash. If
					using an automated plate washer, check
					that all ports are unobstructed.
		b.	Contaminated wash buffer	b.	Make fresh wash buffer
4.	Positive Control:	a.	Improper storage of the ELISA kit	a.	Upon receipt, the kit should be stored at
	Low signal				-20 ℃. Store the positive control at -70 ℃
					after reconstitution.
		b.	Stop solution	b.	Stop solution should be added to each
					well before measurement and read OD
					immediately.
		c.	Improper primary or secondary	c.	Ensure correct dilution
			antibody dilution		