

PRODUCT INFORMATION & ELISA MANUAL

IL-10 R beta Antibody Pair [HRP]

NBP2-79327

Sample Insert for reference use only

Matched Antibody Pair utilized in an Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay for quantitative detection of Human IL-10 R beta.

For research use only.

Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

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Novus kits are guaranteed for 6 months from date of receipt

BACKGROUND

The functional IL-10 receptor consists of two polypeptide chains, a ligand binding chain IL-10 R α (IL-10 R1) and a signal transduction molecule known as IL-10 R β (IL-10 R2). Both chains of the IL-10 R are expressed on many hematopoietic cells, including lymphocytes, monocytes and neutrophils, with the IL-10 R β chain expressed at higher levels than the IL-10 R α chain in most cases. Interleukin 10 receptor beta (IL-10 R β), also known as CD210b and CRF2-4, is an 80-85 kDa member of the type II cytokine receptor family of proteins and contains two fibronectin type-III domains. The widely expressed IL-10 R β serves as a signal transducing accessory chain not only for IL-10, but also for other interleukins including IL-22, -28A, -28B and -29 (plus IL-26 in human) when complexed to the ligand-binding chains . It has been shown that the action of IL-10 delivered through its receptor can affect a variety of immune functions including inhibition of proinflammatory cytokine synthesis and regulation of the growth and function of B cells and antigen presenting cells. The human IL-10 R β shares 69% homology to its mouse counterpart in amino acid sequence. Research evidences indicated that defects in IL10RB are associated with susceptibility to hepatitis B virus infection.

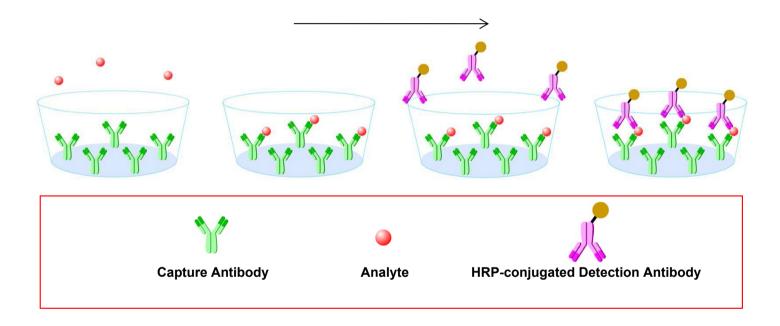
PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST

The Novus Biologicals IL-10 R beta Antibody Pair [HRP] is a solid phase sandwich ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay). It utilizes a monoclonal antibody specific for IL-10 R BETA coated on a 96-well plate. Standards and samples are added to the wells, and any IL-10 R BETA present binds to the immobilized antibody. The wells are washed and a horseradish peroxidase conjugated rabbit anti-IL10RB polyclonal antibody is then added, producing an antibody-antigen-antibody "sandwich". The wells are again washed and TMB substrate solution is loaded, which produces color in proportion to the amount of IL-10 R BETA present in the sample. To end the enzyme reaction, the stop solution is added and absorbances of the microwell are read at 450 nm.

INTENDED USE

- ◆ The human IL-10 R beta Antibody Pair [HRP] is for the quantitative determination of human IL-10 R BETA.
- ◆ This IL-10 R beta Antibody Pair [HRP] contains the basic components required for the development of sandwich ELISAs.

ASSAY PROCEDURE SUMMARY



This antibody pair has been configured for research use only and is not to be used in diagnostic procedures.

MATERIALS PROVIDED

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

Capture Antibody – 0.5 mg/mL of mouse anti-IL-10 R beta monoclonal antibody. Dilute to a working concentration of 2.0 μg/mL in CBS before coating.

Detection Antibody - 0.7 mg/mL rabbit anti-IL-10 R beta polyclonal antibody conjugated to horseradish-peroxidase (HRP). Dilute to a working concentration of 0.5 μ g/mL in detection antibody diluteion buffer before use.

Standard – Each vial contains 110 ng of recombinant IL-10 R beta. Reconstitute standard powder with 1mL detection antibody dilution buffer. After reconstitution, store at -20 $^{\circ}$ C to -80 $^{\circ}$ C in a manual defrost freezer. A seven-point standard curve using 2-fold serial dilutions in sample dilution buffer, and a high standard of 5000 pg/mL is recommended.

SOLUTIONS REQUIRED

CBS - 0.05M Na₂CO₃, NaHCO₃, pH 9.6, 0.2 µm filtered

TBS - 25mM Tris, adjust pH to 7.4 by HCl

Wash Buffer - 0.05% Tween20 in TBS, pH 7.2 - 7.4

Blocking Buffer - 2% BSA in Wash Buffer

Sample dilution buffer - 0.1% BSA in wash buffer, pH 7.2 - 7.4, 0.2 µm filtered

Detection antibody dilution buffer - 0.5% BSA in wash buffer. pH 7.2 - 7.4, 0.2 µm filtered

Substrate Solution: To achieve best assay results, fresh substrate solution is recommended

Substrate stock solution - 10mg / ml TMB (Tetramethylbenzidine) in DMSO

Substrate dilution buffer - 0.05M Na₂HPO₄ and 0.025M citric acid; adjust pH to 5.5

Substrate working solution - For each plate dilute 250 µl substrate stock solution in 25ml substrate dilution

buffer and then add 80 µl 0.75% H₂O₂, mix it well

Stop Solution - 2 N H₂SO₄

PRECAUTION

The Stop Solution suggested for use with this antibody pair is an acid solution. Wear eye, hand, face, and clothing protection when using this material.

STORAGE

Detection Antibody should be protected from prolonged exposure to light. Aliquot the reagents and store at -20℃ to -80℃ in a manual defrost freezer.

GENERAL ELISA PROTOCOL

Plate Preparation

- 1. Dilute the capture antibody to the working concentration in CBS. Immediately coat a 96-well microplate with 100µL per well of the diluted capture antibody. Seal the plate and incubate overnight at 4°C.
- 2. Aspirate each well and wash with at least 300µl wash buffer, repeating the process two times for a total of three washes. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential for good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining wash buffer by inverting the plate and blotting it against clean paper towels.
- 3. Block plates by adding 300 µL of blocking buffer to each well. Incubate at room temperature for a minimum of 1 hour.
- 4. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2. The plates are now ready for sample addition.

Assay Procedure

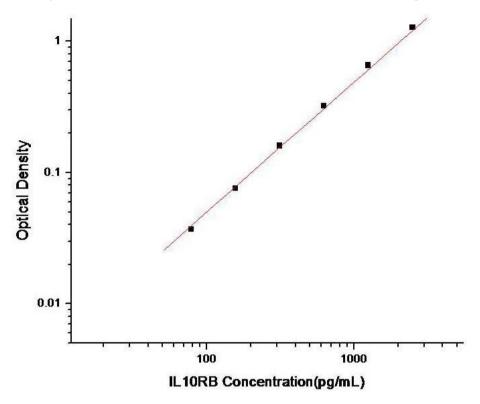
- 1. Add 100 µL of sample or standards in sample dilution buffer per well. Seal the plate and incubate 2 hours at room temperature.
- 2. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2 of plate preparation.
- 3. Add 100 µL of the detection antibody, diluted in antibody dilution buffer, to each well. Seal the plate and incubate 1 hour at room temperature.
- 4. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2 of plate preparation.
- 5. Add 200 µL of substrate solution to each well. Incubate for 20 minutes at room temperature (**if substrate solution is not as requested, the incubation time should be optimized**). Avoid placing the plate in direct light.
- 6. Add 50 µL of stop solution to each well. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
- 7. Determine the optical density of each well immediately, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

- Calculate the mean absorbance for each set of duplicate standards, controls and samples. Subtract the mean zero standard absorbance from each.
- Construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph.
- To determine the concentration of the unknowns, find the unknowns' mean absorbance value on the y-axis and draw a horizontal line to the standard curve. At the point of intersection, draw a vertical line to the x-axis and read the concentration. If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.
- Alternatively, computer-based curve-fitting statistical software may also be employed to calculate the concentration of the sample.

TYPICAL DATA

This standard curve is only for demonstration purposes. A standard curve should be generated for each assay.



| Concentration (pg/ml) | Zero standard subtracted OD | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 0 | 0.000 | | | | |
| 78.125 | 0.037 | | | | |
| 156.25 | 0.076 | | | | |
| 312.5 | 0.160 | | | | |
| 625 | 0.322 | | | | |
| 1250 | 0.657 | | | | |
| 2500 | 1.275 | | | | |
| 5000 | 2.137 | | | | |

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTIC

SENSITIVITY

The minimum detectable dose of human IL-10 R beta was determined to be approximately **78.125 pg/ml**. This is defined as at least three times standard deviations above the mean optical density of 10 replicates of the zero standard.

TROUBLE SHOOTING

| Problems | Possible Sources | Solutions | | | |
|----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Incorrect or no Detection Antibody was added | Add appropriate Detection Antibody and continue | | | |
| No signal | Substrate solution was not added | Add substrate solution and continue | | | |
| | Incorrect storage condition | Check if the kit is stored at recommended condition and used before expiration date | | | |
| Poor Standard Curve | Standard was incompletely reconstituted or was inappropriately stored | Aliquot reconstituted standard and store at -80 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ | | | |
| | Imprecise / inaccurate pipetting | Check / calibrate pipettes | | | |
| | Incubations done at inappropriate temperature, timing or agitation | Follow the general ELISA protocol | | | |
| | Background wells were contaminated | Avoid cross contamination by using the sealer appropriately | | | |
| | The concentration of antigen in samples was too low | Enriching samples to increase the concentration of antigen | | | |
| Poor detection value | Samples were ineffective | Check if the samples are stored at cold environment. Detect samples in timely manner | | | |
| High Background | la sufficient week as | Use multichannel pipettes without touching the reagents on the plate | | | |
| | Insufficient washes | Increase cycles of washes and soaking time between washes | | | |
| | TMB Substrate Solution was contaminated | TMB Substrate Solution should be clear and colorless prior to addition to wells | | | |
| | Materials were contaminated. | Use clean plates, tubes and pipettes tips | | | |
| Non-specificity | Samples were contaminated | Avoid cross contamination of samples | | | |
| | The concentration of samples was too high | Try higher dilution rate of samples | | | |

| | ELISA Plate Template | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| A | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| В | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| С | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| H | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Human IL-10 R beta Antibody Pair [HRP] Notes