

# PRODUCT INFORMATION & ELISA MANUAL

# IL-18 R beta/IL-1 R7/ACPL Antibody Pair [HRP] NBP2-79458

## Sample Insert for reference use only

Matched Antibody Pair utilized in an Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay for quantitative detection of Human IL-18 R beta/IL-1 R7/ACPL.

For research use only.

Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

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Novus kits are guaranteed for 6 months from date of receipt

#### BACKGROUND

Interleukin 18 receptor accessory protein, also known as IL18RAP and CDw218b (cluster of differentiation w218b), is an accessory subunit of the heterodimeric receptor for IL18. This protein enhances the IL18 binding activity of IL18R1 (IL1RRP), a ligand binding subunit of IL18 receptor. The coexpression of IL18R1 and this protein is required for the activation of NF-kappaB and MAPK8 (JNK) in response to IL18. IL18RAP is required for the high affinity binding of interleukin 18 (IL-18) to its receptor complex. IL18RAP together with IL18R1 mediates IL-18-dependent activation of NF-kappa-B and JNK. Two putative isoforms of IL18RAP were detected and the ratios and total levels of these isoforms may contribute to the aetiology of coeliac disease. IL18R1 and IL18RAP polymorphisms have been found associated with diseases such as schizophrenia, HSV1 seropositivity and atopic asthma. Analysis of IL18R1 and IL18RAP SNPs in 5 European prospective cohorts suggests that the variability of these genes are unlikely to contribute to modulate the risk of CVD in European populations.

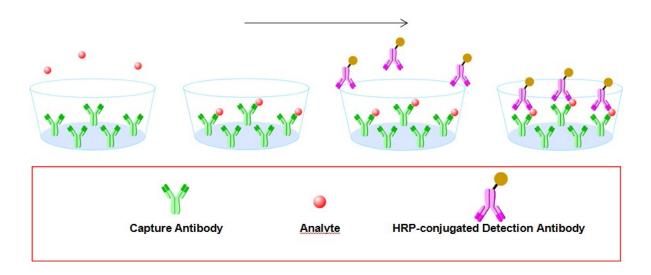
#### PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST

The Human IL-18 R beta/IL-1 R7/ACPL Antibody Pair [HRP] is for the quantitative determination of Human IL-18 R beta/IL-1 R7/ACPL. The Novus Biologicals IL-18 R beta/IL-1 R7/ACPL Antibody Pair [HRP] is a solid phase sandwich ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay). It utilizes a monoclonal antibody specific for Human IL-18 R beta/IL-1 R7/ACPL coated on a 96-well plate. Standards and samples are added to the wells, and any Human IL-18 R beta/IL-1 R7/ACPL present binds to the immobilized antibody. The wells are washed and a horseradish peroxidase conjugated rabbit anti-Human IL-18 R beta/IL-1 R7/ACPL monoclonal antibody is then added, producing an antibody-antigen-antibody "sandwich". The wells are again washed and TMB substrate solution is loaded, which produces color in proportion to the amount of Human IL-18 R beta/IL-1 R7/ACPL present in the sample. To end the enzyme reaction, the stop solution is added and absorbances of the microwell are read at 450 nm.

#### INTENDED USE

- ◆ The Human IL-18 R beta/IL-1 R7/ACPL Antibody Pair [HRP] is for the quantitative determination of Human IL-18 R beta/IL-1 R7/ACPL.
- ◆ This IL-18 R beta/IL-1 R7/ACPL Antibody Pair [HRP] contains the basic components required for the development of sandwich ELISAs.

#### ASSAY PROCEDURE SUMMARY



This antibody pair has been configured for research use only and is not to be used in diagnostic procedures.

#### MATERIALS PROVIDED

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

Capture Antibody - 1 mg/mL of rabbit anti-Human IL-18 R beta/IL-1 R7/ACPL monoclonal antibody (in PBS, pH 7.4). Dilute to a working concentration of 2  $\mu$ g/mL in PBS before coating.

**Detection Antibody** - 0.2 mg/mL of rabbit anti-Human IL-18 R beta/IL-1 R7/ACPL monoclonal antibody conjugated to horseradish-peroxidase (HRP) (in PBS, 50 % HRP-Protector, pH 7.4, store at 4°C). Dilute to working concentration of 0.5 µg/mL in detection antibody dilution buffer before use.

**Standard** – Each vial contains 36 ng of recombinant Human IL-18 R beta/IL-1 R7/ACPL. Reconstitute with 1 mL detection antibody dilution buffer. After reconstitution, store at -20 °C to -80 °C in a manual defrost freezer. A seven-point standard curve using 2-fold serial dilutions in sample dilution buffer, and a high standard of 500 pg/mL is recommended.

#### SOLUTIONS REQUIRED

**PBS** - 136.9 mM NaCl, 10.1 mM Na $_2$ HPO $_4$ , 2.7 mM KCl, 1.8 mM KH $_2$ PO $_4$ , pH 7.4, 0.2  $\mu$ m filtered

TBS - 20 mM Tris, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4

Wash Buffer - 0.05% Tween20 in TBS, pH 7.2 - 7.4

Blocking Buffer - 2% BSA in Wash Buffer

Sample dilution buffer - 0.1% BSA in wash buffer, pH 7.2 - 7.4, 0.2 µm filtered

Detection antibody dilution buffer - 0.5% BSA in wash buffer, pH 7.2 - 7.4, 0.2 µm filtered

Substrate Solution: To achieve best assay results, fresh substrate solution is recommended

Substrate stock solution - 10mg / ml TMB ( Tetramethylbenzidine ) in DMSO

Substrate dilution buffer -  $0.05M\ Na_2HPO_4$  and  $0.025M\ citric$  acid; adjust pH to 5.5

**Substrate working solution** - For each plate dilute 250  $\mu$ l substrate stock solution in 25ml substrate dilution buffer and then add 80  $\mu$ l 0.75%  $H_2O_2$ , mix it well

Stop Solution - 2 N H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

#### **PRECAUTION**

The Stop Solution suggested for use with this antibody pair is an acid solution. Wear eye, hand, face, and clothing protection when using this material.

#### STORAGE

**Capture Antibody**: Aliquot and store at  $-20^{\circ}$ C to  $-80^{\circ}$ C for up to 6 months from date of receipt. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**Detection Antibody**: Store at  $4^{\circ}$ C and protect it from prolonged exposure to light for up to 6 months from date of receipt. **DO NOT FREEZE!** 

**Standard**: Store lyophilized standard at  $-20\,^{\circ}$ C to  $-80\,^{\circ}$ C for up to 6 months from date of receipt. Aliquot and store the reconstituted standard at  $-80\,^{\circ}$ C for up to 1 month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **GENERAL ELISA PROTOCOL**

#### **Plate Preparation**

- 1. Dilute the capture antibody to the working concentration in PBS. Immediately coat a 96-well microplate with 100 $\mu$ L per well of the diluted capture antibody. Seal the plate and incubate overnight at 4  $^{\circ}$ C.
- 2. Aspirate each well and wash with at least 300µl wash buffer, repeating the process two times for a total of three washes. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential for good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining wash buffer by inverting the plate and blotting it against clean paper towels. 3.Block plates by adding 300 µL of blocking buffer to each well. Incubate at room temperature for a
- 4.Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2. The plates are now ready for sample addition.

#### **Assay Procedure**

minimum of 1 hour.

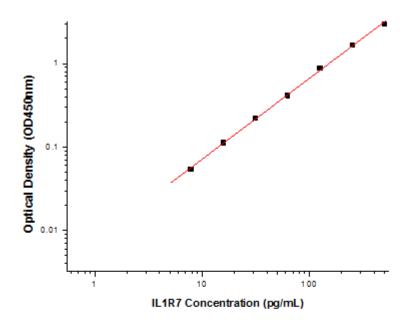
- 1.Add 100  $\mu$ L of sample or standards in sample dilution buffer per well. Seal the plate and incubate 2 hours at room temperature.
- 2. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2 of plate preparation.
- 3. Add  $100~\mu L$  of the detection antibody, diluted in antibody dilution buffer, to each well. Seal the plate and incubate 1 hour at room temperature.
- 4. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2 of plate preparation.
- 5. Add  $200~\mu L$  of substrate solution to each well. Incubate for 20~minutes at room temperature ( if substrate solution is not as requested, the incubation time should be optimized ). Avoid placing the plate in direct light.
- 6.Add 50 µL of stop solution to each well. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
- 7. Determine the optical density of each well immediately, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm.

#### CALCULATION OF RESULTS

- Calculate the mean absorbance for each set of duplicate standards, controls and samples. Subtract the mean zero standard absorbance from each.
- Construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph.
- •To determine the concentration of the unknowns, find the unknowns' mean absorbance value on the y-axis and draw a horizontal line to the standard curve. At the point of intersection, draw a vertical line to the x-axis and read the concentration. If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.
- Alternatively, computer-based curve-fitting statistical software may also be employed to calculate the concentration of the sample.

#### **TYPICAL DATA**

This standard curve is only for demonstration purposes. A standard curve should be generated for each assay.



| Concentration ( pg/mL) | Zero standard subtracted OD |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 0                      | 0                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7.81                   | 0.054                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15.63                  | 0.113                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31.25                  | 0.221                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 62.5                   | 0.415                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 125                    | 0.888                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 250                    | 1.667                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 500                    | 2.964                       |  |  |  |  |  |

#### PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTIC

#### **SENSITIVITY**

The minimum detectable dose of Human IL-18 R beta/IL-1 R7/ACPL was determined to be approximately **7.81 pg/ml**. This is defined as at least three times standard deviations above the mean optical density of 10 replicates of the zero standard.

### **TROUBLE SHOOTING**

| prrect or no Detection Antibody was added                         | Add appropriate Detection Antibody and  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
|   | Add appropriate Detection Antibody and continue   |  |  |  |
| strate solution was not added                                     | Add substrate solution and continue   |  |  |  |
| orrect storage condition  | Check if the kit is stored at recommended condition and used before expiration date   |  |  |  |
| ndard was incompletely reconstituted or<br>inappropriately stored | Aliquot reconstituted standard and store at -80 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  |  |  |  |
| recise / inaccurate pipetting                                     | Check / calibrate pipettes  |  |  |  |
| ubations done at inappropriate temperature,<br>ng or agitation    | Follow the general ELISA protocol   |  |  |  |
| kground wells were contaminated                                   | Avoid cross contamination by using the sealer appropriately   |  |  |  |
| concentration of antigen in samples was<br>low                    | Enriching samples to increase the concentration of antigen  |  |  |  |
| nples were ineffective  | Check if the samples are stored at cold environment. Detect samples in timely manner  |  |  |  |
| efficient weeks   | Use multichannel pipettes without touching the reagents on the plate  |  |  |  |
| inicient wasnes   | Increase cycles of washes and soaking time between washes   |  |  |  |
| 3 Substrate Solution was contaminated                             | TMB Substrate Solution should be clear and colorless prior to addition to wells   |  |  |  |
| erials were contaminated.   | Use clean plates, tubes and pipettes tips   |  |  |  |
| nples were contaminated   | Avoid cross contamination of samples  |  |  |  |
| concentration of samples was too high                             | Try higher dilution rate of samples   |  |  |  |
|   |   |  |  |  |
|   |   |  |  |  |
| n; r uln  | dard was incompletely reconstituted or inappropriately stored  ecise / inaccurate pipetting  bations done at inappropriate temperature, ig or agitation  aground wells were contaminated  concentration of antigen in samples was ow  ples were ineffective  fficient washes  Substrate Solution was contaminated  erials were contaminated.  ples were contaminated. |  |  |  |

|   | ELISA Plate Template |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |
|---|----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|
|   | 1                    | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| A |                      |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |
| В |                      |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |
| С |                      |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |
| D |                      |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |
| E |                      |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |
| F |                      |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |
| G |                      |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |
|   |                      |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |

## Human IL-18 R beta/IL-1 R7/ACPL Antibody Pair [HRP] Notes