ELISA PRODUCT INFORMATION & MANUAL

Mouse IL18R1 ELISA Kit (Colorimetric)

NBP2-80367

Sample Insert for Reference Only

Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay for quantitative detection. For research use only.

Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

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BACKGROUND

Interleukin-18 receptor 1 (IL18R1) also known as CD218 antigen-like family member A, CDw218a, IL1 receptor-related protein and CD218a, is an interleukin receptor of the immunoglobulin superfamily. IL18R1 is found expressed in lung, leukocytes, spleen, liver, thymus, prostate, small intestine, colon, placenta, and heart, and is absent from brain, skeletal muscle, pancreas, and kidney. High level of expression is found in Hodgkin disease cell lines. This receptor is specifically binds interleukin 18 (IL18), and is essential for IL18 mediated signal transduction. IL18R1 contains 3 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains and 1 TIR domain. It is a single-pass type I membrane protein. IFN-alpha and IL12 are reported to induce the expression of this receptor in NK and T cells. The increased expression of IL18R1 may contribute pathogenically to disease and is therefore a potential therapeutic target. The absence of a genetic association in the IL18R1 gene itself suggests regulation from other parts of the genome, or as part of the inflammatory cascade in multiple sclerosis without a prime genetic cause.

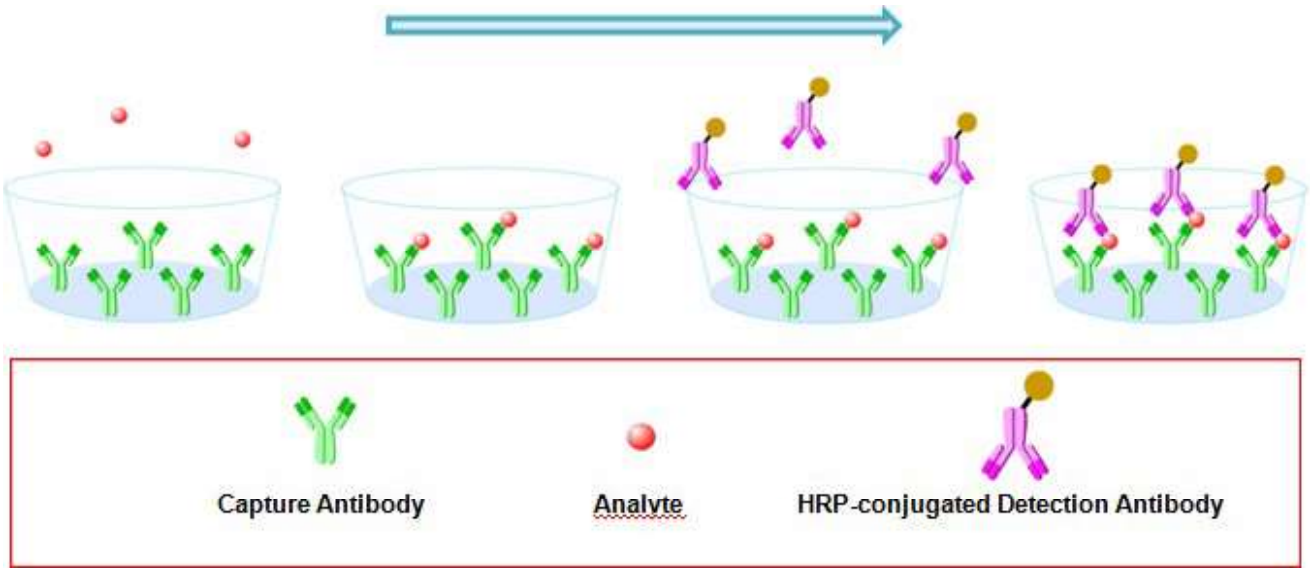
INTENDED USE

For the quantitative determination of Mouse IL18R1 concentration in cell lysate.

The use of this kit for other sample types need be validated by the end user due to the complexity of natural targets and unpredictable interference.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

The principle of this ELISA kit is based on the solid phase sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. A monoclonal antibody specific for Mouse IL18R1 has been pre-coated onto well plate strips. Standards and samples are added to the wells and Mouse IL18R1 present in the sample is bound by the immobilized antibody. After incubation the wells are washed and a horseradish peroxidase conjugated anti-Mouse IL18R1 antibody is added, producing an antibody-antigen-antibody "sandwich complex". Following a wash to remove any unbound antibody a TMB substrate solution is loaded and color develops in proportion to the amount of Mouse IL18R1 bound. The reaction is stopped by the addition of a stop solution and the intensity of the color can be measured at 450 nm (See schematics below).



MATERIALS PROVIDED

Mouse IL18R1 Microplate - 96 well polystyrene microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with rabbit mAb antibody against Mouse IL18R1.

Mouse IL18R1 Detecion Antibody - 0.2 mg/mL of rabbit mAb antibody against Mouse IL18R1 conjugated to horseradish peroxidase (HRP) with preservatives.

Mouse IL18R1 Standard - Recombinant Mouse IL18R1 in a buffer with preservatives, lyophilized. The amount of standard is lot specific and indicated on the label of standard vial.

Wash Buffer Concentrate - 25 mL of a 20-fold concentrated solution of buffered surfactant with preservatives.

Dilution Buffer Concentrate - 8 mL of a 20-fold concentrated dilution buffer with preservatives.

Color Reagent A - 13 mL of stabilized hydrogen peroxide.

Color Reagent B - 13 mL of stabilized chromogen (tetramethylbenzidine).

Stop Solution - 8 mL of 2 N sulfuric acid.

STORAGE

<table>
<tr><td>Unopened Kit</td><td colspan="2">Store at 2 - 8℃ and the kit is stable for 6 months upon receipt.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="7">Opened/ Reconstituted Reagents</td><td>Diluted Wash Buffer</td><td rowspan="2">Stored for up to 1 week at 2 - 8℃</td></tr>
<tr><td>Diluted Dilution Buffer</td></tr>
<tr><td>Conjugate</td><td rowspan="3">Stored for up to 1 month at 2 - 8℃</td></tr>
<tr><td>Stop Solution</td></tr>
<tr><td>Unmixed Color Reagent A</td></tr>
<tr><td>Unmixed Color Reagent B</td><td rowspan="2">After reconstitution, store for up to 1 month at -80℃.
The reconstituted standards should be aliquoted and
avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Standard</td></tr>
<tr><td>Microplate Wells</td><td>Return unused strips to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack and reseal along entire edge of zip-seal.
Stored for up to 1 month at 2 - 8℃</td></tr>
</table>

OTHER SUPPLIES REQUIRED

·Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm

·Pipettes and pipette tips

·Deionized or distilled water

·Multi -channel pipette, squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or automated microplate washer

·500 mL graduated cylinder

·Tubes for standard dilution

·Well plate cover or seals

PRECAUTIONS

1. This kit is **for research use only** and is not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

2. The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date.

3. Do not mix reagents from different lots.

4. The kit is designed and tested to detect the specific targets and samples shown in the manual. The use of this kit for other purpose should be verified carefully by the end user.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

5. The Stop Solution provided with this kit is an acid solution. Take care when using the reagent to avoid the risk.

6. All biological materials should be handled and discarded as potentially hazardous following local laws and regulations.

7. Personal protective equipments such as lab coats, gloves, surgical masks and goggles are necessary in experiments for safety reasons.

TECHINICAL TIPS

8. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before use.

9. Samples should be thawed completely and mixed well prior to analysis. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles of frozen samples.

10. A standard curve should be generated for each set of sample assayed. DO NOT USE the standard curves from other plates or other days.

11. Use a new disposable reagent reservoir and new disposable pipette tips for each transfer to avoid cross-contamination.

12. Read the absorbance of each well within 20 minutes after adding the stop solution.

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

Cell Lysate -

1. Rinse cells two times with PBS and remove any remaining PBS after the second rinse.
2. Incubate cells at 2 x 10^7 cells/mL in NP-40 Lysis Buffer for 30 minutes on ice.
3. Centrifuge samples at 12000 x g for 10 minutes and transfer the supernatant to a clean test tube.
4. Measure total protein concentration of samples by routine quantitation methods like BCA.
5. Aliquot and store samples at ≤-20℃. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Beyotime NP-40 Lysis Buffer (Catalog P0013F) is suggested. (Please add 0.5%PMSF before use)

Note:

The sample should be diluted to within the working range of the assay in 1× dilution buffer. The exact dilution must be determined based on the concentration of specific target in individual samples.

REAGENT PREPARATION

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. If crystals have formed in buffer solution, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.

Wash Buffer - Prepare 1× wash buffer by adding 20 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate to deionized or distilled water to prepare 400 mL of Wash Buffer.

Dilution Buffer - Prepare 1× dilution buffer by adding 5 mL of Dilution Buffer Concentrate to deionized or distilled water to prepare 100 mL of Dilution Buffer.

Detection Antibody - Centrifuge at 10,000 x g for 20 seconds. Dilute to **work concentration** of 0.2 μg/mL in Dilution Buffer before use.

Substrate Solution **-** Color Reagents A and B should be mixed together in equal volumes within 15 minutes of use. Protect from light. 200 μL of the resultant

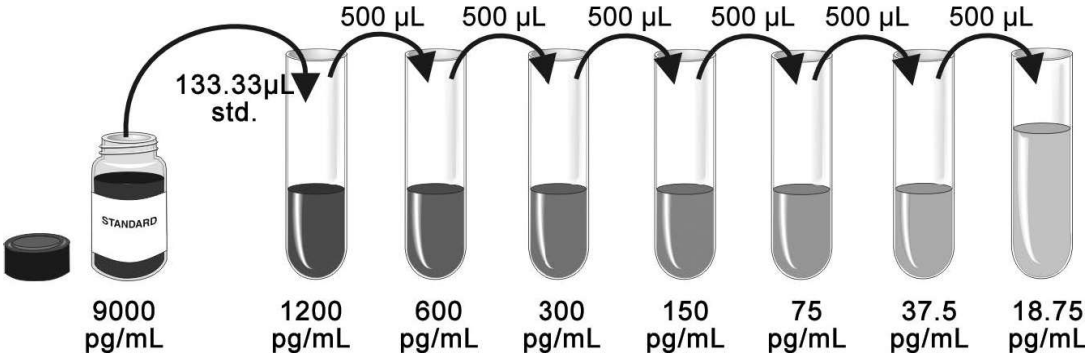
mixture is required per well. **Take care not to contaminate the Color Reagent. If the mixed color reagent is blue. DO NOT USE.**

Mouse IL18R1 Standard - Reconstitute the Mouse IL18R1 Standard with 1 mL of Dilution Buffer to make stock solution. Shake the vial gently until the lyophilized powder totally dissolved (**Do not turn the vial upside down**). Mix the standard to ensure complete reconstitution prior to making dilutions.

Prepare serially diluted standards as described in the following step:

Pipette 1000 µL of Dilution Buffer into the 1200 pg/mL tube. Pipette 500 µL of Dilution Buffer into the remaining tubes. Use the stock solution to produce a dilution series as the following figure. Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. The 1200 pg/mL standard serves as the high standard. The Dilution Buffer serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL). **Ensures each assay has a standard curve. DO NOT USE the standard curve on other plates or other days.**

The following graph is only for demonstration purposes. The concentration of stock solution is lot specific and need be calculated with the actual amount of standard labeled on the standard vial.



ASSAY PROCEDURE

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before use. It is recommended that all samples and standards be assayed in duplicate.

1. Prepare all reagents, working standards, and samples as directed in the previous

sections.

2. Remove unused microplate strips from the plate frame, return them to the foil pouchcontaining the desiccant pack, and reseal.

3. Wash each well three times with Wash Buffer (300 µL/well) using a squirt bottle, multi-channel pipette, manifold dispenser or autowasher. **Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. Remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.**

4. Add 100 µL of each serially diluted protein standard or test sample per well including a zero standard. **Ensure reagent addition is uninterrupted and completed within 15 minutes.** Cover/seal the plate and incubate for 2 hours at room temperature.

5. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in Step 3.

6. Add 100 µL of Detection Antibody in working concentration to each well. Cover/seal the plate and incubate for 1 hour at room temperature.

7. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in Step 3.

8. Add 200 µL of Substrate Solution to each well. Incubate for 20 minutes at room temperature**. Protect from light.**

9. Add 50 µL of Stop Solution to each well. If color change does not appear uniform, gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.

10. **Determine the optical density of each well within 20 minutes**, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

If samples generate values higher than the highest standard, dilute the samples and repeat the assay.

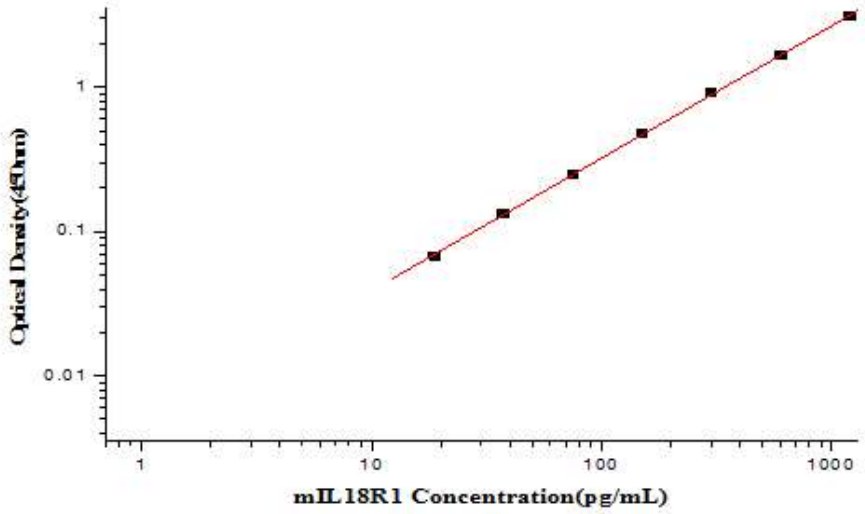
Calculate the mean absorbance for each standard, control and sample and subtract average zero standard optical density (O.D.) .

Construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph. Most graphing software can help make the curve and a four parameter logistic (4-PL) usually provide the best fit, though other equations (e.g. linear, log/log) can also be tried to see which provides the most accurate. Extrapolate the target protein concentrations for unknown samples from the standard curve plotted.

TYPICAL DATA

This standard curve is only for demonstration purposes. A standard curve should be generated for each assay.

Concentration (pg/mL)	Zero standard subtracted OD
0	0
18.75	0.068
37.5	0.133
75	0.246
150	0.478
300	0.909
600	1.651
1200	3.098



PRECISION

Intra-assay Precision (Precision within an assay)

Three samples of known concentration were tested twenty times on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

Inter-assay Precision (Precision between assays)

Three samples of known concentration were tested in five separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.

	Intra -assay Precision			**Inter -assay Precision**		
Sample	1	2	3	1	2	3
N	20	20	20	5	5	5
Mean (pg/mL)	264	508	877	277	553	995
SD	6.91	7.84	43.13	8.34	27.09	70.42
CV (%)	2.6%	1.5%	4.9%	3.0%	4.9%	7.1%

RECOVERY

The recovery of Mouse IL18R1 spiked to different levels throughout the range of the assay in related matrices was evaluated.

Sample	**Average % Recovery**	**Range**
Cell culture supernates (n=3)	105	99 -108%

LINEARITY

		Cell culture supernates
1:1	recovery of detected	94%
1:2	recovery of detected	101%
1:4	recovery of detected	99%
1:8	recovery of detected	91%

SENSITIVITY

The minimum detectable dose (MDD) of Mouse IL18R1 is typically less than 6.06 pg/mL. The MDD was determined by adding three standard deviations to the mean optical density value of twenty zero standard replicates and calculating the corresponding concentration.

CALIBRATION

This immunoassay is calibrated against a highly purified HEK 293-expressed recombinant Mouse IL18R1.

SAMPLE VALUES

The concentration of Mouse IL18R1 detected in a A549 cell lysate was 2383.46 pg/mL.The A549 cell lysate' total protein concentration was about 6.6 mg/mL.

SPECIFICITY

This assay recognizes both recombinant and natural Mouse IL18R1. The factors listed below were prepared at 50 ng/mL in dilution buffer and assayed for cross-reactivity. No cross-reactivity was observed.

Recombinant human			
IL18R1	IL1R7	IL1R1	cyno IL18R1
Recombinant mouse			
IL1R1	IL1R2	IL1RL1	IL18
Il18rap			
Recombinant rat			
IL18R1			
Recombinant canine			
IL18R1			

Preparations a series of mouse IL18 in a mid-range recombinant mouse IL18R1 control were assayed for interference. Interference was observed at concentrations 6 ng/mL.

TROUBLE SHOOTING

Problems	Possible Sources	Solutions
No signal	Incorrect or no Detection Antibody was added	Add appropriate Detection Antibody and continue
	Substrate solution was not added	Add substrate solution and continue
	Incorrect storage condition	Check if the kit is stored at recommended condition and used before expiration date
Poor Standard Curve	Standard was incompletely reconstituted or was inappropriately stored	Aliquot reconstituted standard and store at -80 ℃. The reconstituted standards should be aliquoted and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
	Imprecise / inaccurate pipetting	Check / calibrate pipettes
	Incubations done at inappropriate temperature, timing or agitation	Follow the general ELISA protocol
	Background wells were contaminated	Avoid cross contamination by using the sealer appropriately
Poor detection value	The concentration of antigen in samples was too low	Enriching samples to increase the concentration of antigen
	Samples were ineffective	Check if the samples are stored at cold environment. Detect samples in timely manner
High Background	Insufficient washes	Use multichannel pipettes without touching the reagents on the plate
		Increase cycles of washes and soaking time between washes
	Color Reagent should be clear and colorless prior to addition to wells	Color Reagent should be clear and colorless prior to addition to wells
	Use clean tubes and pipettes tips	Use clean plates, tubes and pipettes tips
Non-specificity	Samples were contaminated	Avoid cross contamination of samples
	The concentration of samples was too high	Try higher dilution rate of samples

ASSAY SUMMARY